

State Statistics for December 2005

Iowa

Program Data

Social Security

The Social Security program—Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance (OASDI)—provides monthly benefits to workers and their families when the worker retires, dies, or becomes disabled. The amount of the worker's retirement insurance (old-age) or disability benefit is based on the worker's level of earnings in employment or self-employment covered by the Social Security program. Monthly benefits are payable to retired workers at age 62 (with reduced benefits) or to disabled workers at any age. The benefit amount for an auxiliary or survivor beneficiary is based on a percentage of the worker's benefit. Auxiliary and survivor beneficiaries must generally meet an age, disability, or child care requirement.

A total of 48,445,900 persons received benefits for December 2005. This number included 30,474,930 retired workers, 4,746,780 widows and widowers, 6,510,420 disabled workers, 2,681,460 wives and husbands, and 4,032,310 children. Social Security beneficiaries represented 15.9 percent of the total population and 90.3 percent of the population aged 65 or older.

Retired workers received an average monthly benefit of \$1,002; widows and widowers, \$941 (nondisabled widows and widowers, \$967); disabled workers, \$938; and wives and husbands of retired and disabled workers, \$484. Average benefits for children of retired, deceased, and disabled workers were \$493, \$656, and \$278, respectively.

Monthly benefits for December 2005 totaled \$44.4 billion. Of this amount, \$32.0 billion was paid to retired workers and their spouses and children, \$5.7 billion to survivors, and \$6.6 billion to disabled workers and their spouses and children. Average and total monthly benefits include the 4.1 percent cost-of-living increase effective December 2005.

In Iowa, benefits were paid to 548,480 persons. This number included 361,460 retired workers, 58,750 widows and widowers, 60,680 disabled workers, 32,950 wives and husbands, and 34,640 children. Social Security beneficiaries represented 18.6 percent

of the total population of the state and 95.8 percent of the state's population aged 65 or older.

Retired workers in Iowa received an average of \$1,000 per month; widows and widowers, \$974; disabled workers, \$896; and wives and husbands of retired and disabled workers, \$502. Average benefits for children were \$540 for children of retired workers, \$677 for children of deceased workers, and \$277 for children of disabled workers.

Monthly benefits for December 2005 totaled \$507 million. Of this amount, \$380 million was paid to retired workers and their spouses and children, \$69 million to survivors, and \$58 million to disabled workers and their spouses and children.

Supplemental Security Income

Supplemental Security Income (SSI) is a federal cash assistance program that provides monthly payments to low-income aged, blind, and disabled persons in the 50 states, the District of Columbia, and the Northern Mariana Islands. The program is based on nationally uniform eligibility standards and payment levels. The federal SSI payment is determined by the recipient's countable income, living arrangement, and marital status. As of January 2006, the maximum monthly federal SSI payment for an individual living in his or her own household and with no other countable income is \$603, and for a couple, \$904.

A state may supplement the payment levels of all or selected categories of recipients. These supplemental payments may be administered by the state or the Social Security Administration.

In December 2005, 7,113,879 persons received federally administered SSI payments: 1,214,296 were aged and 5,899,583 were disabled or blind. A total of 1,994,511 recipients were aged 65 or older, 4,082,870 were aged 18 to 64, and 1,036,498 were under the age of 18.

In addition, 551,814 persons in 31 states received state-administered payments in December 2005 that totaled \$69.8 million.

In Iowa, 43,388 persons—3,612 aged and 39,776 disabled and blind—received federally administered SSI payments in December 2005. A total of 7,054 recipients were aged 65 or older, 29,445 were aged 18 to 64, and 6,889 were under the age of 18.

Federally administered SSI payments totaled \$18.3 million, of which all but \$349,389 was federal SSI. The average federally administered payment was \$383 overall: \$216 for aged recipients and \$398 for disabled and blind recipients. In addition, 4,448 persons in Iowa received state-administered supplementation in December 2005 that totaled \$1.4 million.

In December 2005, the total number of persons in Iowa receiving a Social Security benefit, a federally administered SSI payment, or both was 574,768.

Earnings and Employment

Social Security

Nationally, in 2004, the latest year for which state data are available, an estimated 157.0 million persons worked in employment that was covered under the Social Security (Old-Age and Survivors Insurance (OASI) and Disability Insurance (DI)) program. They earned \$4.5 trillion in Social Security taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$563 billion in Social Security taxes to the OASI and DI trust funds.

In Iowa in 2004, an estimated 1.73 million residents worked in employment covered under the Social Security program. They had \$44.85 billion in Social Security taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$5.56 billion in Social Security taxes.

Medicare

Nationally, in 2004, the latest year for which state data are available, an estimated 160.7 million persons worked in employment that was covered under the Medicare (Hospital Insurance, or HI) program. They earned \$5.6 trillion in Medicare taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$161 billion in Medicare taxes to the HI trust fund.

In Iowa in 2004, an estimated 1.74 million residents worked in employment covered under the Medicare program. They had \$48.68 billion in Medicare taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$1.41 billion in Medicare taxes

State Statistics is an annual publication of the Social Security Administration's Office of Policy. Angela Y. Harper was responsible for programming, processing, and compiling the data.

SOURCE: The data are from the Social Security Administration's administrative files. Program data for Social Security are from the Master Beneficiary Record, 10 percent sample; data for SSI are from the Supplemental Security Record, 100 percent data, and data reported by individual states; earnings and employment data are from the Master Earnings File, 1 percent sample.

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State Statistics for December 2005 Kansas

Program Data

Social Security

The Social Security program—Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance (OASDI)—provides monthly benefits to workers and their families when the worker retires, dies, or becomes disabled. The amount of the worker's retirement insurance (old-age) or disability benefit is based on the worker's level of earnings in employment or self-employment covered by the Social Security program. Monthly benefits are payable to retired workers at age 62 (with reduced benefits) or to disabled workers at any age. The benefit amount for an auxiliary or survivor beneficiary is based on a percentage of the worker's benefit. Auxiliary and survivor beneficiaries must generally meet an age, disability, or child care requirement.

A total of 48,445,900 persons received benefits for December 2005. This number included 30,474,930 retired workers, 4,746,780 widows and widowers, 6,510,420 disabled workers, 2,681,460 wives and husbands, and 4,032,310 children. Social Security beneficiaries represented 15.9 percent of the total population and 90.3 percent of the population aged 65 or older.

Retired workers received an average monthly benefit of \$1,002; widows and widowers, \$941 (nondisabled widows and widowers, \$967); disabled workers, \$938; and wives and husbands of retired and disabled workers, \$484. Average benefits for children of retired, deceased, and disabled workers were \$493, \$656, and \$278, respectively.

Monthly benefits for December 2005 totaled \$44.4 billion. Of this amount, \$32.0 billion was paid to retired workers and their spouses and children, \$5.7 billion to survivors, and \$6.6 billion to disabled workers and their spouses and children. Average and total monthly benefits include the 4.1 percent cost-of-living increase effective December 2005.

In Kansas, benefits were paid to 450,980 persons. This number included 293,970 retired workers, 44,710 widows and widowers, 54,250 disabled workers, 23,900 wives and husbands, and 34,150 children. Social Security beneficiaries represented 16.5 percent

of the total population of the state and 93.3 percent of the state's population aged 65 or older.

Retired workers in Kansas received an average of \$1,027 per month; widows and widowers, \$1,003; disabled workers, \$909; and wives and husbands of retired and disabled workers, \$518. Average benefits for children were \$521 for children of retired workers, \$661 for children of deceased workers, and \$263 for children of disabled workers.

Monthly benefits for December 2005 totaled \$425 million. Of this amount, \$316 million was paid to retired workers and their spouses and children, \$56 million to survivors, and \$53 million to disabled workers and their spouses and children.

Supplemental Security Income

Supplemental Security Income (SSI) is a federal cash assistance program that provides monthly payments to low-income aged, blind, and disabled persons in the 50 states, the District of Columbia, and the Northern Mariana Islands. The program is based on nationally uniform eligibility standards and payment levels. The federal SSI payment is determined by the recipient's countable income, living arrangement, and marital status. As of January 2006, the maximum monthly federal SSI payment for an individual living in his or her own household and with no other countable income is \$603, and for a couple, \$904.

A state may supplement the payment levels of all or selected categories of recipients. These supplemental payments may be administered by the state or the Social Security Administration.

In December 2005, 7,113,879 persons received federally administered SSI payments: 1,214,296 were aged and 5,899,583 were disabled or blind. A total of 1,994,511 recipients were aged 65 or older, 4,082,870 were aged 18 to 64, and 1,036,498 were under the age of 18.

In addition, 551,814 persons in 31 states received state-administered payments in December 2005 that totaled \$69.8 million.

In Kansas, 39,154 persons—3,311 aged and 35,843 disabled and blind—received federally administered SSI payments in December 2005. A total of 6,489 recipients were aged 65 or older, 25,664 were aged 18 to 64, and 7,001 were under the age of 18.

Federal SSI payments totaled \$17.4 million. The average federal payment was \$397 overall: \$250 for aged recipients and \$410 for disabled and blind recipients.

In December 2005, the total number of persons in Kansas receiving a Social Security benefit, a federally administered SSI payment, or both was 475,991.

Earnings and Employment

Social Security

Nationally, in 2004, the latest year for which state data are available, an estimated 157.0 million persons worked in employment that was covered under the Social Security (Old-Age and Survivors Insurance (OASI) and Disability Insurance (DI)) program. They earned \$4.5 trillion in Social Security taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$563 billion in Social Security taxes to the OASI and DI trust funds.

In Kansas in 2004, an estimated 1.55 million residents worked in employment covered under the Social Security program. They had \$42.35 billion in Social Security taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$5.25 billion in Social Security taxes.

Medicare

Nationally, in 2004, the latest year for which state data are available, an estimated 160.7 million persons worked in employment that was covered under the Medicare (Hospital Insurance, or HI) program. They earned \$5.6 trillion in Medicare taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$161 billion in Medicare taxes to the HI trust fund.

In Kansas in 2004, an estimated 1.56 million residents worked in employment covered under the Medicare program. They had \$47.85 billion in Medicare taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$1.39 billion in Medicare taxes

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State Statistics for December 2005 Missouri

Program Data

Social Security

The Social Security program—Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance (OASDI)—provides monthly benefits to workers and their families when the worker retires, dies, or becomes disabled. The amount of the worker's retirement insurance (old-age) or disability benefit is based on the worker's level of earnings in employment or self-employment covered by the Social Security program. Monthly benefits are payable to retired workers at age 62 (with reduced benefits) or to disabled workers at any age. The benefit amount for an auxiliary or survivor beneficiary is based on a percentage of the worker's benefit. Auxiliary and survivor beneficiaries must generally meet an age, disability, or child care requirement.

A total of 48,445,900 persons received benefits for December 2005. This number included 30,474,930 retired workers, 4,746,780 widows and widowers, 6,510,420 disabled workers, 2,681,460 wives and husbands, and 4,032,310 children. Social Security beneficiaries represented 15.9 percent of the total population and 90.3 percent of the population aged 65 or older.

Retired workers received an average monthly benefit of \$1,002; widows and widowers, \$941 (nondisabled widows and widowers, \$967); disabled workers, \$938; and wives and husbands of retired and disabled workers, \$484. Average benefits for children of retired, deceased, and disabled workers were \$493, \$656, and \$278, respectively.

Monthly benefits for December 2005 totaled \$44.4 billion. Of this amount, \$32.0 billion was paid to retired workers and their spouses and children, \$5.7 billion to survivors, and \$6.6 billion to disabled workers and their spouses and children. Average and total monthly benefits include the 4.1 percent cost-of-living increase effective December 2005.

In Missouri, benefits were paid to 1,064,020 persons. This number included 653,810 retired workers, 101,390 widows and widowers, 161,870 disabled workers, 53,170 wives and husbands, and 93,780 children. Social Security beneficiaries represented

18.3 percent of the total population of the state and 93.8 percent of the state's population aged 65 or older.

Retired workers in Missouri received an average of \$990 per month; widows and widowers, \$937; disabled workers, \$913; and wives and husbands of retired and disabled workers, \$489. Average benefits for children were \$515 for children of retired workers, \$646 for children of deceased workers, and \$265 for children of disabled workers.

Monthly benefits for December 2005 totaled \$959 million. Of this amount, \$677 million was paid to retired workers and their spouses and children, \$123 million to survivors, and \$160 million to disabled workers and their spouses and children.

Supplemental Security Income

Supplemental Security Income (SSI) is a federal cash assistance program that provides monthly payments to low-income aged, blind, and disabled persons in the 50 states, the District of Columbia, and the Northern Mariana Islands. The program is based on nationally uniform eligibility standards and payment levels. The federal SSI payment is determined by the recipient's countable income, living arrangement, and marital status. As of January 2006, the maximum monthly federal SSI payment for an individual living in his or her own household and with no other countable income is \$603, and for a couple, \$904.

A state may supplement the payment levels of all or selected categories of recipients. These supplemental payments may be administered by the state or the Social Security Administration.

In December 2005, 7,113,879 persons received federally administered SSI payments: 1,214,296 were aged and 5,899,583 were disabled or blind. A total of 1,994,511 recipients were aged 65 or older, 4,082,870 were aged 18 to 64, and 1,036,498 were under the age of 18.

In addition, 551,814 persons in 31 states received state-administered payments in December 2005 that totaled \$69.8 million.

In Missouri, 117,613 persons—9,537 aged and 108,076 disabled and blind—received federally administered SSI payments in December 2005. A total of 20,036 recipients were aged 65 or older, 78,126 were aged 18 to 64, and 19,451 were under the age of 18.

Federal SSI payments totaled \$52.2 million. The average federal payment was \$398 overall: \$228 for aged recipients and \$413 for disabled and blind recipients. In addition, 8,741 persons in Missouri received state-administered supplementation in December 2005 that totaled \$2.2 million.

In December 2005, the total number of persons in Missouri receiving a Social Security benefit, a federally administered SSI payment, or both was 1,138,159.

Earnings and Employment

Social Security

Nationally, in 2004, the latest year for which state data are available, an estimated 157.0 million persons worked in employment that was covered under the Social Security (Old-Age and Survivors Insurance (OASI) and Disability Insurance (DI)) program. They earned \$4.5 trillion in Social Security taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$563 billion in Social Security taxes to the OASI and DI trust funds.

In Missouri in 2004, an estimated 3.15 million residents worked in employment covered under the Social Security program. They had \$81.82 billion in Social Security taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$10.15 billion in Social Security taxes.

Medicare

Nationally, in 2004, the latest year for which state data are available, an estimated 160.7 million persons worked in employment that was covered under the Medicare (Hospital Insurance, or HI) program. They earned \$5.6 trillion in Medicare taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$161 billion in Medicare taxes to the HI trust fund.

In Missouri in 2004, an estimated 3.22 million residents worked in employment covered under the Medicare program. They had \$95.19 billion in Medicare taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$2.76 billion in Medicare taxes.

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State Statistics for December 2005 Nebraska

Program Data

Social Security

The Social Security program—Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance (OASDI)—provides monthly benefits to workers and their families when the worker retires, dies, or becomes disabled. The amount of the worker's retirement insurance (old-age) or disability benefit is based on the worker's level of earnings in employment or self-employment covered by the Social Security program. Monthly benefits are payable to retired workers at age 62 (with reduced benefits) or to disabled workers at any age. The benefit amount for an auxiliary or survivor beneficiary is based on a percentage of the worker's benefit. Auxiliary and survivor beneficiaries must generally meet an age, disability, or child care requirement.

A total of 48,445,900 persons received benefits for December 2005. This number included 30,474,930 retired workers, 4,746,780 widows and widowers, 6,510,420 disabled workers, 2,681,460 wives and husbands, and 4,032,310 children. Social Security beneficiaries represented 15.9 percent of the total population and 90.3 percent of the population aged 65 or older.

Retired workers received an average monthly benefit of \$1,002; widows and widowers, \$941 (nondisabled widows and widowers, \$967); disabled workers, \$938; and wives and husbands of retired and disabled workers, \$484. Average benefits for children of retired, deceased, and disabled workers were \$493, \$656, and \$278, respectively.

Monthly benefits for December 2005 totaled \$44.4 billion. Of this amount, \$32.0 billion was paid to retired workers and their spouses and children, \$5.7 billion to survivors, and \$6.6 billion to disabled workers and their spouses and children. Average and total monthly benefits include the 4.1 percent cost-of-living increase effective December 2005.

In Nebraska, benefits were paid to 293,510 persons. This number included 192,810 retired workers, 29,220 widows and widowers, 33,610 disabled workers, 17,260 wives and husbands, and 20,610 children. Social Security beneficiaries represented 16.6 percent

of the total population of the state and 93.9 percent of the state's population aged 65 or older.

Retired workers in Nebraska received an average of \$985 per month; widows and widowers, \$973; disabled workers, \$889; and wives and husbands of retired and disabled workers, \$497. Average benefits for children were \$534 for children of retired workers, \$683 for children of deceased workers, and \$250 for children of disabled workers.

Monthly benefits for December 2005 totaled \$267 million. Of this amount, \$200 million was paid to retired workers and their spouses and children, \$35 million to survivors, and \$32 million to disabled workers and their spouses and children.

Supplemental Security Income

Supplemental Security Income (SSI) is a federal cash assistance program that provides monthly payments to low-income aged, blind, and disabled persons in the 50 states, the District of Columbia, and the Northern Mariana Islands. The program is based on nationally uniform eligibility standards and payment levels. The federal SSI payment is determined by the recipient's countable income, living arrangement, and marital status. As of January 2006, the maximum monthly federal SSI payment for an individual living in his or her own household and with no other countable income is \$603, and for a couple, \$904.

A state may supplement the payment levels of all or selected categories of recipients. These supplemental payments may be administered by the state or the Social Security Administration.

In December 2005, 7,113,879 persons received federally administered SSI payments: 1,214,296 were aged and 5,899,583 were disabled or blind. A total of 1,994,511 recipients were aged 65 or older, 4,082,870 were aged 18 to 64, and 1,036,498 were under the age of 18.

In addition, 551,814 persons in 31 states received state-administered payments in December 2005 that totaled \$69.8 million.

In Nebraska, 22,334 persons—2,026 aged and 20,308 disabled and blind—received federally administered SSI payments in December 2005. A total of 3,857 recipients were aged 65 or older, 15,018 were aged 18 to 64, and 3,459 were under the age of 18.

Federal SSI payments totaled \$9.4 million. The average federal payment was \$379 overall: \$227 for aged recipients and \$394 for disabled and blind recipients. In addition, 5,574 persons in Nebraska received stateadministered supplementation in December 2005 that totaled \$516,000.

In December 2005, the total number of persons in Nebraska receiving a Social Security benefit, a federally administered SSI payment, or both was 306,814.

Earnings and Employment

Social Security

Nationally, in 2004, the latest year for which state data are available, an estimated 157.0 million persons worked in employment that was covered under the Social Security (Old-Age and Survivors Insurance (OASI) and Disability Insurance (DI)) program. They earned \$4.5 trillion in Social Security taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$563 billion in Social Security taxes to the OASI and DI trust funds.

In Nebraska in 2004, an estimated 1.05 million residents worked in employment covered under the Social Security program. They had \$27.37 billion in Social Security taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$3.39 billion in Social Security taxes.

Medicare

Nationally, in 2004, the latest year for which state data are available, an estimated 160.7 million persons worked in employment that was covered under the Medicare (Hospital Insurance, or HI) program. They earned \$5.6 trillion in Medicare taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$161 billion in Medicare taxes to the HI trust fund.

In Nebraska in 2004, an estimated 1.06 million residents worked in employment covered under the Medicare program. They had \$30.55 billion in Medicare taxable earnings. Employees, employers, and the self-employed paid a total of \$886 million in Medicare taxes

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